

X. NATIONAL MEMORIALS

1. African-Americans Civil War

PUBLIC LAW 102-412—OCT. 14, 1992

106 STAT. 2104

Public Law 102-412
102d Congress

Joint Resolution

Authorizing the government of the District of Columbia to establish, in the District of Columbia or its environs, a memorial to African-Americans who served with Union forces during the Civil War. Oct. 14, 1992
[H.J. Res. 320]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH MEMORIAL.

40 USC 1003
note.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The government of the District of Columbia is authorized to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor African-Americans who served with Union forces during the Civil War.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR COMMEMORATIVE WORKS.—The establishment of the memorial shall be in accordance with the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes” approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

SEC. 2. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.

40 USC 1003
note.

The government of the District of Columbia shall be solely responsible for payment, from official funds and charitable donations, of the expenses of the establishment of the memorial. No Federal funds may be used to pay any expense of the establishment of the memorial.

Approved October 14, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 320:
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):
June 9, considered and passed House.
Oct. 1, considered and passed Senate.

2. Air Force

107 STAT. 1973

PUBLIC LAW 103-163—DEC. 2, 1993

Public Law 103-163 103d Congress

An Act

Dec. 2, 1993
[H.R. 898]

To authorize the Air Force Memorial Foundation to establish a memorial in the District of Columbia or its environs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

40 USC 1003
note.

SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH MEMORIAL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Air Force Memorial Foundation is authorized to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor the men and women who have served in the United States Air Force and its predecessors.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR COMMEMORATIVE WORKS.—The establishment of the memorial shall be in accordance with the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes”, approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

40 USC 1003
note.

SEC. 2. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.

The Air Force Memorial Foundation shall be solely responsible for acceptance of contributions for, and payment of the expenses of, the establishment of the memorial. No Federal funds may be used to pay any expense of the establishment of the memorial.

40 USC 1003
note.

SEC. 3. DEPOSIT OF EXCESS FUNDS.

If, upon payment of all expenses of the establishment of the memorial (including the maintenance and preservation amount provided for in section 8(b) of the Act referred to in section 1(b)), or upon expiration of the authority for the memorial under section 10(b) of such Act, there remains a balance of funds received for the establishment of the memorial, the Air Force Memorial Foundation shall transmit the amount of the balance to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit in the account provided for in section 8(b)(1) of such Act.

Approved December 2, 1993.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 898 (S. 297):
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 139 (1993):
Nov. 16, considered and passed House.
Nov. 20, considered and passed Senate.

3. Black Revolutionary War Patriots

PUBLIC LAW 103-321—AUG. 26, 1994

108 STAT. 1793

Public Law 103-321
103d Congress

An Act

To amend the Commemorative Works Act, and for other purposes.

Aug. 26, 1994
[H.R. 2947]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY FOR MEMORIAL
ESTABLISHMENT.

40 USC 1003
note.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The legislative authority for each of the following groups to establish a commemorative work (as defined by Public Law 99-652, as amended) shall expire at the end of the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of such authority for the respective commemorative work, notwithstanding the time period limitation specified in section 10(b) of that Public Law:

(1) The Black Revolutionary War Patriots Foundation.

* * * * *

Approved August 26, 1994.

108 STAT. 1795

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2947:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 103-400 (Comm. on Natural Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 103-247 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 139 (1993): Nov. 22, considered and passed House.

Vol. 140 (1994): Apr. 12, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Aug. 16, House concurred in Senate amendments.

4. Franklin Delano Roosevelt

106 STAT. 1374

PUBLIC LAW 102-381—OCT. 5, 1992

Public Law 102-381
102d Congress

An Act

Oct. 5, 1992
[H.R. 5503]

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993, and for other purposes.

Department of
the Interior and
Related
Agencies
Appropriations
Act, 1993.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

106 STAT. 1381

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

* * * * *

106 STAT. 1382

CONSTRUCTION

* * * * *

106 STAT. 1383

. . . Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law a single procurement for the construction of the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial may be issued which includes the full scope of the project: *Provided further,* That the solicitation and the contract shall contain the clause “availability of funds” found at 48 CFR 52.323.18: . . .

* * * * *

106 STAT. 1421

Approved October 5, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5503:

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 102-626 (Comm. on Appropriations) and 102-901 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 102-345 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):

July 22, 23, considered and passed House.

Aug. 4-6, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Sept. 30, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 28 (1992):

Oct. 5, Presidential statement.

PUBLIC LAW 103-138—NOV. 11, 1993

107 STAT. 1379

Public Law 103-138
103d Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

Nov. 11, 1993
 [H.R. 2520]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of
 the Interior and
 Related Agencies
 Appropriations
 Act, 1994.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

107 STAT. 1385

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

* * * * *

CONSTRUCTION

* * * * *

. . . *Provided further*, That notwithstanding any other provision of law a single procurement for the construction of the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial may be issued which includes the full scope of the project: *Provided further*, That the solicitation and the contract shall contain the clause “availability of funds” found at 48 CFR 52.323.18: . . .

107 STAT. 1386

* * * * *

Approved November 11, 1993.

107 STAT. 1417

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2520:

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 103-158 (Comm. on Appropriations) and 103-299 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 103-114 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 139 (1993):

July 14, 15, considered and passed House.

Sept. 14, 15, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 20, House agreed to conference report; receded and concurred in certain Senate amendments, in others with amendments; and disagreed to another.

Oct. 21, 26, 28, Senate considered conference report.

Nov. 9, Senate agreed to conference report; concurred in House amendments; and receded from its amendments Nos. 123 and 124. House receded from its amendment to Senate amendment No. 123.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 29 (1993):

Nov. 11, Presidential statement.

5. George Mason

106 STAT. 127

PUBLIC LAW 102-277—APR. 28, 1992

Public Law 102-277
102d Congress

Joint Resolution

Apr. 28, 1992

[H.J. Res. 402]

Approving the location of a memorial to George Mason.

Whereas Public Law 99-652 (40 U.S.C. 1003 et seq.), entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes”, provides that the location of a commemorative work in the area described therein as Area I shall be deemed disapproved unless the location is approved by law not later than 150 days after the Secretary of the Interior or the Administrator of General Services notifies the Congress of his determination that the commemorative work should be located in Area I;

Whereas Public Law 101-358 (104 Stat. 419) authorized the Board of Regents of Gunston Hall to establish, in accordance with the provisions of Public Law 99-652, a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to honor George Mason; and

Whereas the Secretary of the Interior has notified the Congress of his determination that the memorial authorized by Public Law 101-358 should be located in Area I: Now, therefore, be it

40 USC 1003
note.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the location of a memorial to honor George Mason, authorized by Public Law 101-358, within the area described as Area I in Public Law 99-652, is hereby approved.

Approved April 28, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 402:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 102-472 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):

Mar. 30, considered and passed House.

Apr. 10, considered and passed Senate.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 28 (1992):

Apr. 28, Presidential statement.

6. Japanese American Patriotism in World War II

PUBLIC LAW 102-502—OCT. 24, 1992

106 STAT. 3273

Public Law 102-502
102d Congress

Joint Resolution

Authorizing the Go For Broke National Veterans Association Foundation to establish a memorial in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor Japanese American patriotism in World War II.

Oct. 24, 1992
[H.J. Res. 271]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH MEMORIAL.

40 USC 1003
note.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Go For Broke National Veterans Association Foundation is authorized to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor Japanese American patriotism in World War II.

(b) **COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR COMMEMORATIVE WORKS.**—The establishment of the memorial shall be in accordance with the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes” approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S.C. 1001, et seq.).

SEC. 2. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.

40 USC 1003
note.

The Go For Broke National Veterans Association Foundation shall be solely responsible for acceptance of contributions for, and payment of the expenses of, the establishment of the memorial. No Federal funds may be used to pay any expense of the establishment of the memorial.

SEC. 3. DEPOSIT OF EXCESS FUNDS.

40 USC 1003
note.

If, upon payment of all expenses of the establishment of the memorial (including the maintenance and preservation amount provided for in section 8(b) of the Act referred to in section 1(b)), or upon expiration of the authority for the memorial under section 10(b) of that Act, there remains a balance of funds received for

106 STAT. 3274

PUBLIC LAW 102-502—OCT. 24, 1992

the establishment of the memorial, the Go For Broke National Veterans Association Foundation shall transmit the amount of the balance to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit in the account provided for in section 8(b)(1) of that Act.

Approved October 24, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.J. Res. 271:
HOUSE REPORTS: No. 102-727 (Comm. on House Administration).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):
July 28, considered and passed House.
Oct. 7, considered and passed Senate.

7. Jefferson National Expansion

PUBLIC LAW 102-355—AUG. 26, 1992

106 STAT. 947

Public Law 102-355
102d Congress

An Act

To amend the Act of May 17, 1954, relating to the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial to authorize increased funding for the East Saint Louis portion of the Memorial, and for other purposes.

Aug. 26, 1992
[H.R. 2926]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. EAST SAINT LOUIS PORTION OF JEFFERSON NATIONAL EXPANSION MEMORIAL.

The Act of May 17, 1954, entitled “An Act to provide for the construction of the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial at the site of old Saint Louis, Missouri, in general accordance with the plan approved by the United States Territorial Expansion Memorial Commission, and for other purposes” (68 Stat. 98; 16 U.S.C. 450jj and following) is amended as follows:

(1) The first sentence of section 4(a) is amended—

16 USC 450jj.

(A) by striking out “The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized to designate” and inserting in lieu thereof “There is hereby designated”;

(B) by striking out “not more than” and inserting in lieu thereof “approximately”; and

(C) by striking out “MWR-366/80,004, and dated February 9, 1984,” and inserting in lieu thereof “366-80013, dated January 1992,”.

(2) Section 9 is repealed.

(3) Section 11 is amended by striking out subsection (d) and by amending subsection (b), as added by section 201(b) of Public Law 98-398, to read as follows:

16 USC 450jj-8.
16 USC 450jj
note.

“(b)(1) For the purposes of the East St. Louis portion of the memorial, there are authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for land acquisition and, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3), such sums as may be necessary for development: *Provided*, That such authorization shall not include any sums for the acquisition, removal, or relocation of the grain elevator and business located within the East St. Louis unit of the Memorial. Such development shall be consistent with the level of development described in phase one of the draft Development and Management Plan and Environmental Assessment, East St. Louis Addition to Jefferson National Expansion Memorial—Illinois/Missouri, dated August 1987.

Appropriation
authorization.

“(2) Federal funds expended under paragraph (1) for development may not exceed 75 percent of the actual cost of such development. The remaining share of such actual costs shall be provided from non-Federal funds, services, or materials, or a combination thereof, fairly valued as determined by the Secretary. Any non-Federal expenditures for the acquisition, removal, or relocation of the grain elevator and business shall be included as part of the non-Federal cost share: *Provided*, That credit shall not be given for any such expenditures which exceed the cost of acquisition, removal, or

relocation of the grain elevator and business located within the East St. Louis unit of the Memorial if such action had been accomplished by the Federal Government as determined by the Secretary under existing law; *Provided further*, That only those non-Federal funds expended at least sixty days after the transmission of the report referred to in paragraph (3) for the removal of such grain elevator shall be credited towards the non-Federal cost share. For the purposes of this paragraph, the Secretary may accept and utilize for such purposes any non-Federal funds, services, and materials so contributed.

“(3) Within one year after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary, in direct consultation with the city of East St. Louis, Gateway Arch Park Expansion, and the Southwestern Illinois Development Authority, shall develop and transmit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States Senate and the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the United States House of Representatives a study of alternatives to, and costs associated with, the removal of the grain elevator located within the East St. Louis unit of the Memorial. The study shall contain, but need not be limited to, at least one alternative which would incorporate and retain the existing grain elevator into the draft development and management plan and environmental assessment referred to in paragraph (1).”.

Approved August 26, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2926:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 102-465 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 102-288 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):

Mar. 24, considered and passed House.

July 20, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Aug. 6, House concurred in Senate amendment.

8. National Peace Garden

PUBLIC LAW 103-321—AUG. 26, 1994

108 STAT. 1793

Public Law 103-321
103d Congress**An Act**

To amend the Commemorative Works Act, and for other purposes.

Aug. 26, 1994
[H.R. 2947]*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY FOR MEMORIAL ESTABLISHMENT.**40 USC 1003
note.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The legislative authority for each of the following groups to establish a commemorative work (as defined by Public Law 99-652, as amended) shall expire at the end of the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of such authority for the respective commemorative work, notwithstanding the time period limitation specified in section 10(b) of that Public Law:

* * * * *

(3) The National Peace Garden.

(b) NAME CHANGE.—(1) The Congress finds that the Peace Garden Project, Incorporated, has changed its name to the National Peace Garden.

(2) Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the entity referred to in paragraph (1) shall be deemed to be a reference to the National Peace Garden.

* * * * *

108 STAT. 1795

Approved August 26, 1994.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2947:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 103-400 (Comm. on Natural Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 103-247 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 139 (1993): Nov. 22, considered and passed House.

Vol. 140 (1994): Apr. 12, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Aug. 16, House concurred in Senate amendments.

9. Port Chicago

106 STAT. 4234

PUBLIC LAW 102-562—OCT. 28, 1992

Public Law 102-562
102d Congress

An Act

Oct. 28, 1992
[S. 1439]

To authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain lands in Livingston Parish, Louisiana, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

106 STAT. 4235
Port Chicago
National
Memorial Act of
1992.
California.
16 USC 431 note.

TITLE II—PORT CHICAGO NATIONAL MEMORIAL

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be referred to as the “Port Chicago National Memorial Act of 1992”.

SEC. 202. FINDINGS.

The Congress hereby finds that—

(1) the Port Chicago Naval Magazine, located in Contra Costa County, California, served as the major West Coast munitions supply facility during World War II, during which time the facility played a critical role in the success of the war effort;

(2) on July 17, 1944, an explosion at Port Chicago, the origin of which has never been determined, resulted in the deaths of 320 officers and sailors, the largest domestic loss of life during World War II, and the injury of many others; and

(3) it is fitting and appropriate that the site of the Port Chicago Naval Magazine, which is currently included in the Concord Naval Weapons Station, be designated as a National Memorial to commemorate the role of the facility during World War II, to recognize those who served at the facility, and to honor the memory of those who gave their lives and were injured in the explosion on July 17, 1944.

PUBLIC LAW 102-562—OCT. 28, 1992

106 STAT. 4235

SEC. 203. PORT CHICAGO NATIONAL MEMORIAL.

(a) DESIGNATION.—In order to recognize the critical role Port Chicago, located at the Concord Naval Weapons Station in Contra Costa County, California, played in the Second World War by serving as the main facility for the Pacific Theater and the historic importance of the explosion which occurred at the Port Chicago Naval Magazine on July 17, 1944, such Naval Magazine is hereby designated as a National Memorial, to be known as the Port Chicago Naval Magazine National Memorial. The Secretary of the Interior shall take appropriate action to assure that the Memorial is announced in the Federal Register and that official records and lists are amended, in due course, to reflect the inclusion of this memorial along with other national memorials established by an Act of Congress.

Federal
Register,
publication.
Records.

(b) MARKER.—The Secretary of the Interior, with the concurrence of the Secretary of Defense, is authorized and directed to place at the site the Port Chicago Naval Magazine National Memorial, as designated under subsection (a), an appropriate plaque or marker commemorating the critical role Port Chicago played in the Second World War and the historic importance of the explosion which occurred at that location on July 17, 1944. The plaque or marker shall include a listing of the names of those who lost their lives during the explosion.

(c) PUBLIC ACCESS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Secretary of the Navy to provide for public access to the Memorial.

Contracts.

SEC. 204. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

106 STAT. 4236

There are authorized be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this title.

Approved October 28, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1439:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 102-948 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 102-284 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):

June 12, considered and passed Senate.

Sept. 29, considered and passed House, amended.

Oct. 8, Senate concurred in House amendments.

10. Thomas Paine

106 STAT. 2268

PUBLIC LAW 102-459—OCT. 23, 1992

**Public Law 102-459
102d Congress****An Act**

Oct. 23, 1992
[H.R. 6165]

To amend certain provisions of law relating to establishment, in the District of Columbia or its environs, of a memorial to honor Thomas Paine.

Ante, p. 1991.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That effective as of the enactment of the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the construction of a monument in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor Thomas Paine, and for other purposes” (H.R. 1628, One Hundred Second Congress), such Act is amended to read as follows:

40 USC 1003
note.**“SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH MEMORIAL.**

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Thomas Paine National Historical Association is authorized to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor Thomas Paine.

“(b) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR COMMEMORATIVE WORKS.—The establishment of the memorial shall be in accordance with the Act entitled ‘An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S.C. 1001, et seq.).

40 USC 1003
note.**“SEC. 2. PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.**

“The Thomas Paine National Historical Association shall be solely responsible for acceptance of contributions for, and payment of the expenses of, the establishment of the memorial. No Federal funds may be used to pay any expense of the establishment of the memorial.

40 USC 1003
note.**“SEC. 3. DEPOSIT OF EXCESS FUNDS.**

“If, upon payment of all expenses of the establishment of the memorial (including the maintenance and preservation amount provided for in section 8(b) of the Act referred to in section 1(b)), or upon expiration of the authority for the memorial under section

PUBLIC LAW 102-459—OCT. 23, 1992

106 STAT. 2269

10(b) of that Act, there remains a balance of funds received for the establishment of the memorial, the Thomas Paine National Historical Association shall transmit the amount of the balance to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit in the account provided for in section 8(b)(1) of that Act.”.

Approved October 23, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 6165:
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):
Oct. 5, considered and passed House.
Oct. 8, considered and passed Senate.

108 STAT. 4356

PUBLIC LAW 103-422—OCT. 25, 1994

Public Law 103-422
103d Congress

Joint Resolution

Oct. 25, 1994
[S.J. Res. 227]

Approving the location of a Thomas Paine Memorial and a World War II Memorial in the Nation's Capital.

Whereas section 6(a) of the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes,” approved November 14, 1986 (Public Law 99-652; 100 Stat. 3650) provides that the location of a commemorative work in the area described as Area I shall be deemed disapproved unless the location is approved by law not later than 150 days after notification of Congress that the commemorative work may be located in Area I; and

Whereas Public Law 102-407, as amended by Public Law 102-459, authorized the Thomas Paine National Historical Association U.S.A. Memorial Foundation to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to Thomas Paine; and

Whereas Public Law 103-32, approved May 25, 1993 (107 Stat. 90), authorized the American Battle Monuments Commission to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to members of the Armed Forces who served in World War II; and

Whereas the Secretary of the Interior has notified the Congress of his determination that such memorials should be located in Area I: Now, therefore, be it

40 USC 1003
note.

108 STAT. 4357

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the location of a Thomas Paine Memorial, authorized by Public Law 102-407, as amended by Public Law 102-459, within either Area I or Area II as described in Public Law 99-652 (100 Stat. 3650), is approved and (b) the location of a World War II Memorial, authorized by Public Law 103-32, within either Area I or Area II as described in Public Law 99-652 (100 Stat. 3650), is hereby approved.

Approved October 25, 1994.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 227:
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 140 (1994):
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 6, considered and passed House, amended.
Oct. 7, Senate concurred in House amendment.

11. Victims of Communism

PUBLIC LAW 103-199—DEC. 17, 1993

107 STAT. 2317

Public Law 103-199
103d Congress

An Act

For reform in emerging new democracies and support and help for improved partnership with Russia, Ukraine, and other now independent states of the former Soviet Union.

Dec. 17, 1993
[H.R. 3000]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLES.

This Act may be cited as the “Act For Reform In Emerging New Democracies and Support and Help for Improved Partnership with Russia, Ukraine and Other Now Independent States” or as the “FRIENDSHIP Act”.

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

* * * * *

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

* * * * *

Sec. 905. Monument to honor victims of communism.

* * * * *

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

* * * * *

SEC. 905. MONUMENT TO HONOR VICTIMS OF COMMUNISM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) since 1917, the rulers of empires and international communism led by Vladimir I. Lenin and Mao Tse-tung have been responsible for the deaths of over 100,000,000 victims in an unprecedented imperial communist holocaust through conquests, revolutions, civil wars, purges, wars by proxy, and other violent means;

(2) the imperialist regimes of international communism have brutally suppressed the human rights, national independence, religious liberty, intellectual freedom, and cultural life of the peoples of over 40 captive nations;

(3) there is a danger that the heroic sacrifices of the victims of communism may be forgotten as international communism and its imperial bases continue to collapse and crumble; and

Act For Reform
In Emerging
New Democracies
and Support and
Help for
Improved
Partnership
with Russia,
Ukraine, and
Other New
Independent
States.
FRIENDSHIP
Act.
Foreign
relations.
22 USC 5801
note.

107 STAT. 2318

107 STAT. 2330

107 STAT. 2331
40 USC 1003
note.

107 STAT. 2331

PUBLIC LAW 103-199—DEC. 17, 1993

(4) the sacrifices of these victims should be permanently memorialized so that never again will nations and peoples allow so evil a tyranny to terrorize the world.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF MEMORIAL.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION.—

(A) The National Captive Nations Committee, Inc., is authorized to construct, maintain, and operate in the District of Columbia an appropriate international memorial to honor victims of communism.

(B) The National Captive Nations Committee, Inc., is encouraged to create an independent entity for the purposes of constructing, maintaining, and operating the memorial.

(C) Once created, this entity is encouraged and authorized, to the maximum extent practicable, to include as active participants organizations representing all groups that have suffered under communism.

(2) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR COMMEMORATIVE WORKS.—The design, location, inscription, and construction of the memorial authorized by paragraph (1) shall be subject to the requirements of the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes”, approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

(c) PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.—The entity referred to in subsection (b)(1) shall be solely responsible for acceptance of contributions for, and payment of the expenses of, the establishment of the memorial. No Federal funds may be used to pay any expense of the establishment of the memorial.

(d) DEPOSIT OF EXCESS FUNDS.—If, upon payment of all expenses of the establishment of the memorial, including the maintenance and preservation amount provided for in 8(b) of the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes”, approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S.C. 1008(b)), or upon expiration of the authority for the memorial under section 10(b) of such Act (40 U.S.C. 4010(b)), there remains a balance of funds received for the establishment of the memorial, the entity referred to in subsection (b)(1) shall transmit the amount of the balance to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit in the account provided for in section 8(b)(1) of such Act (40 U.S.C. 1008(b)(1)).

107 STAT. 2332

Approved December 17, 1993.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3000 (S. 1672):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 103-297, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Foreign Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 139 (1993):

Nov. 15, considered and passed House.

Nov. 22, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 1672. House concurred in Senate amendment.

12. Women in Military Service for America

PUBLIC LAW 103–321—AUG. 26, 1994

108 STAT. 1793

Public Law 103–321
103d Congress**An Act**

To amend the Commemorative Works Act, and for other purposes.

Aug. 26, 1994
[H.R. 2947]*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled,*SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY FOR MEMORIAL
ESTABLISHMENT.40 USC 1003
note.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The legislative authority for each of the following groups to establish a commemorative work (as defined by Public Law 99–652, as amended) shall expire at the end of the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of such authority for the respective commemorative work, notwithstanding the time period limitation specified in section 10(b) of that Public Law:

* * * * *

(2) The Women in Military Service for America Memorial
Foundation.

* * * * *

108 STAT. 1795

Approved August 26, 1994.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2947:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 103–400 (Comm. on Natural Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 103–247 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 139 (1993): Nov. 22, considered and passed House.

Vol. 140 (1994): Apr. 12, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Aug. 16, House concurred in Senate amendments.

108 STAT. 2663

PUBLIC LAW 103-337—OCT. 5, 1994

Public Law 103-337
103d Congress

An Act

Oct. 5, 1994
 [S. 2182]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1995 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

National
 Defense
 Authorization
 Act for
 Fiscal Year 1995.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995”.

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

* * * * *

108 STAT. 3027

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

108 STAT. 3050

* * * * *

TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

108 STAT. 3072

* * * * *

Subtitle E—Other Matters

108 STAT. 3073
 40 USC 1003
 note.

* * * * *

SEC. 2855. ENGINEERING, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, AND RELATED SERVICES FOR WOMEN IN MILITARY SERVICE FOR AMERICA MEMORIAL.

The Secretary of the Army is authorized, upon request by the Women in Military Service for America Memorial Foundation, Inc., to provide engineering, design, construction management, and related services, directly or by contract, to the Women in Military Service for America Memorial Foundation, Inc., on a reimbursable basis, the purpose of repair, restoration, and preservation of the main gate structures, center plaza, and hemicycle of the Arlington National Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia, and the construction of the Women in Military Service for America Memorial.

* * * * *

PUBLIC LAW 103-337—OCT. 5, 1994

108 STAT. 3113

Approved October 5, 1994.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 2182 (H.R. 4301) (S. 2208) (S. 2209) (S. 2211):
HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 103-499 accompanying H.R. 4301 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 103-701 (Comm. of Conference).
SENATE REPORTS: No. 103-282 (Comm. on Armed Services).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 140 (1994):
 May 18-20, 23, 24, June 8, 9, H.R. 4301 considered and passed House.
 June 22-24, 30, S. 2182 considered in Senate.
 July 1, S. 2182, S. 2208, S. 2209, S. 2211 considered and passed Senate; H.R. 4301, amended, passed.
 July 25, S. 2182 considered and passed House, amended.
 Aug. 17, House agreed to conference report.
 Sept. 12, 13, Senate considered and agreed to conference report.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 30 (1994):
 Oct. 5, Presidential statement.

13. World War II

107 STAT. 90

PUBLIC LAW 103-32—MAY 25, 1993

Public Law 103-32 103d Congress

An Act

May 25, 1993
[S. 214]

To authorize the construction of a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor members of the Armed Forces who served in World War II and to commemorate United States participation in that conflict.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

40 USC 1003
note.

SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH MEMORIAL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The American Battle Monuments Commission (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the “Commission”) is authorized to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia or its environs to honor members of the Armed Forces who served in World War II and to commemorate the participation of the United States in that war.

(b) COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR COMMEMORATIVE WORKS.—The establishment of the memorial shall be in accordance with the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes” approved November 14, 1986 (40 U.S. C. 1001 et seq.).

(c) HANDICAPPED ACCESS.—The plan, design, construction, and operation of the memorial pursuant to this section shall provide for accessibility by, and accommodations for, the physically handicapped.

40 USC 1003
note.

SEC. 2. ADVISORY BOARD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF BOARD.—There is hereby established a World War II Memorial Advisory Board, consisting of 12 members, who shall be appointed by the President from among veterans of World War II, historians of World War II, and representatives of veterans organizations, historical associations, and groups knowledgeable about World War II.

(b) APPOINTMENTS.—Members of the Board shall be appointed not later than 3 months after the date of the enactment of this Act and shall serve for the life of the Board. The President shall make appointments to fill such vacancies as may occur on the Board.

(c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD.—The Board shall—

(1) in the manner specified by the Commission, promote establishment of the memorial and encourage donation of private contributions for the memorial; and

(2) upon the request of the Commission, advise the Commission on the site and design for the memorial.

(d) SUNSET.—The Board shall cease to exist on the last day of the third month after the month in which the memorial is completed or the month of the expiration of the authority for the memorial under section 10(b) of the Act referred to in section 1(b), whichever first occurs.

107 STAT. 91

PUBLIC LAW 103-32—MAY 25, 1993

107 STAT. 91

SEC. 3. PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS.

40 USC 1003
note.

The American Battle Monuments Commission shall solicit and accept private contributions for the memorial.

SEC. 4. FUND IN THE TREASURY FOR THE MEMORIAL.

40 USC 1003
note.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby created in the Treasury a fund which shall be available to the American Battle Monuments Commission for the expenses of establishing the memorial. The fund shall consist of—

- (1) amounts deposited, and interest and proceeds credited, under subsection (b);
- (2) obligations obtained under subsection (c); and
- (3) the amount of surcharges paid to the Commission for the memorial under the World War II 50th Anniversary Commemorative Coins Act.

(b) DEPOSITS AND CREDITS.—The Chairman of the Commission shall deposit in the fund the amounts accepted as contributions under section 3. The Secretary of the Treasury shall credit to the fund the interest on, and the proceeds from sale or redemption of, obligations held in the fund.

(c) OBLIGATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest any portion of the fund that, as determined by the Chairman of the Commission, is not required to meet current expenses. Each investment shall be made in an interest bearing obligation of the United States or an obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States that, as determined by the Chairman of the Commission, has a maturity suitable for the fund.

(d) ABOLITION.—Upon the final settlement of the accounts of the fund, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the Congress a draft of legislation (including technical and conforming provisions) recommended by the Secretary for the abolition of the fund.

40 USC 1003
note.

SEC. 5. DEPOSIT OF EXCESS FUNDS.

If, upon payment of all expenses of the establishment of the memorial (including the maintenance and preservation amount provided for in section 8(b) of the Act referred to in section 1(b)), or upon expiration of the authority for the memorial under section 10(b) of that Act, there remains a balance in the fund created by section 4, the Chairman of the American Battle Monuments Commission shall transmit the amount of the balance to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit in the account provided for in section 8(b)(1) of that Act.

107 STAT. 92

Approved May 25, 1993.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 214 (H.R. 682):**SENATE REPORTS:** No. 103-11 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).**CONGRESSIONAL RECORD**, Vol. 139 (1993):

Mar. 17, considered and passed Senate.

May 4, H.R. 682 considered and passed House; S. 214, amended, passed in lieu.

May 12, Senate concurred in House amendment.

108 STAT. 4356

PUBLIC LAW 103-422—OCT. 25, 1994

Public Law 103-422
103d Congress

Joint Resolution

Oct. 25, 1994
[S.J. Res. 227]

Approving the location of a Thomas Paine Memorial and a World War II Memorial in the Nation's Capital.

Whereas section 6(a) of the Act entitled “An Act to provide standards for placement of commemorative works on certain Federal lands in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes,” approved November 14, 1986 (Public Law 99-652; 100 Stat. 3650) provides that the location of a commemorative work in the area described as Area I shall be deemed disapproved unless the location is approved by law not later than 150 days after notification of Congress that the commemorative work may be located in Area I; and

Whereas Public Law 102-407, as amended by Public Law 102-459, authorized the Thomas Paine National Historical Association U.S.A. Memorial Foundation to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to Thomas Paine; and

Whereas Public Law 103-32, approved May 25, 1993 (107 Stat. 90), authorized the American Battle Monuments Commission to establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to members of the Armed Forces who served in World War II; and

Whereas the Secretary of the Interior has notified the Congress of his determination that such memorials should be located in Area I: Now, therefore, be it

40 USC 1003
note.

108 STAT. 4357

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the location of a Thomas Paine Memorial, authorized by Public Law 102-407, as amended by Public Law 102-459, within either Area I or Area II as described in Public Law 99-652 (100 Stat. 3650), is approved and (b) the location of a World War II Memorial, authorized by Public Law 103-32, within either Area I or Area II as described in Public Law 99-652 (100 Stat. 3650), is hereby approved.

Approved October 25, 1994.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 227:
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 140 (1994):
Sept. 30, considered and passed Senate.
Oct. 6, considered and passed House, amended.
Oct. 7, Senate concurred in House amendment.